NOTES AND BIBLIOGRAPHY

Please refer to Chapter 14: Notes and Bibliography of the 17th edition of the Chicago Manual of Style for detailed guidance and examples on formatting your footnote citations and bibliography entries. Some general principles and specifications follow here.

- The first footnote should be an unnumbered note marked by an asterisk (*) following the author’s name (Insert → Footnote → Format → Symbol → *). Use this note to list your department, department address, and email (separated by commas). You may also include a few brief acknowledgements. All other notes should be numbered sequentially with Arabic numerals.

- The first time a work is referenced in a footnote, it should be cited in full.


Once the full reference has been cited, subsequent references should be shortened to include the author’s last name, a short form of the title, and page number:

40 Lindsay, Studies, 74; and Boruchoff, “Piety, Patriotism, and Empire,” 811.

If you reference the same work twice in a row, you may use “Ibid.”

44 Lindsay, Studies, 75.
45 Ibid., 76.

- Bibliography entries are similar to footnote citations, with a few key changes to name presentation and punctuation.


- Author first names should be given in full in both footnotes and bibliography, unless the title is published under an initialized name.

- Journal issue numbers should only be included if the issues are not consecutively numbered, e.g.:

• Only the first city listed on the title page should be included in the publication information (e.g., Leiden: Brill, 2020 not Leiden and Boston: Brill, 2020).

• Bibliographies should list all works cited in the footnotes. Sources should be divided under the following three subheadings: Manuscripts Cited, Primary Sources and Texts, and Secondary Sources (see formatting example at the end of this document).

• Manuscript citations: At their first mention in the footnotes, manuscripts should be cited by location, institution, and shelf mark (e.g., Paris, Bibliothèque nationale de France, MS Hébreu 260). Subsequent mentions should be condensed to a short-form version of the institution followed by the shelf mark (e.g., BnF, MS Hébreu 260). “Folio/folios” should be abbreviated as “fol./fols.” See the formatting example at the end of this document for how to itemize multiple manuscripts from the same institution in your bibliography.

• Common primary source series: Modern editor and publisher information for works included in commonly cited primary source series such as the CCCM, CCSL, EETS, MGH, and PL may be omitted in the footnotes, even at first mention. Initial footnote citations should include the primary source author name, title of the work, abbreviated series name and number, and page, line, or chapter locator. Subsequent citations should include author name, short title, and page number:

14 Thomas Ebendorfer, *Chronica*, 58.

Note that the series number and page, line, or chapter locator are separated by a colon and a space. In the bibliography, the editor(s), the full page range of the cited work, and publication information should be included:


A full list of series abbreviations and digital editions for the MGH can be found at https://www.dmgh.de.

**STYLE AND USAGE**

Please refer to **Part II: Style and Usage** of the **17th edition of the Chicago Manual of Style** for general guidance. Some points of emphasis and clarification follow here.

• All quotations in languages other than English should be accompanied by an English translation. When accompanying an in-line quotation, the translation should appear in parentheses () following the closing quotation mark. When accompanying a block quote, the translation should appear on a new line surrounded by brackets [ ]. In both cases, quotation marks should not appear around the English translation. Both the original material and English translation should be set in roman (rather than italic) font.
• When not quoting directly, short words and phrases in languages other than English should be set in italics and accompanied by a parenthetical English translation or gloss at first use.

• “Circa” should be abbreviated as “ca.” and set in roman font.

• Hyphens and Dashes: Please be sure to distinguish hyphens from dashes. See the Chicago Manual of Style 6.75–6.94 for a full treatment of hyphens and dashes. Hyphens (−) generally connect compound words and serve as separators in ID numbers (e.g., in the twenty-first century; a thirteenth-century manuscript [but in the thirteenth century]; MS Mk-0000.029). En dashes (—) separate number ranges and compound adjectives (e.g., 72–73; 1174–86; post–World War II political divisions). Em dashes (—) are most commonly used to set off text, functioning similarly to parentheses, commas, and colons (e.g., “The text of the DEB survives in various literary works—including Bede’s Historia ecclesiastica gentis Anglorum, the Historia Brittonum, and Geoffrey of Monmouth’s Historia regum Britanniae”). Note that, in general, a space should not precede or follow a hyphen or dash.

• Use American English spelling (e.g., signaled instead of signalled; labored instead of laboured; defense instead of defence). Please refer to Merriam-Webster (www.merriam-webster.com), and set the language in Word to English (US).

MANUSCRIPT PREPARATION

The formatting specifications below are for preparing the post-reviewed version of your paper. After you return your formatted paper to the publications manager, it will be copyedited and set for print. A formatting example can be found on the next page.

• Fonts: Set all text in Times New Roman.
  
  Title: 11 pt, CAPS, centered
  Author name: 11 pt, centered
  Abstract and keywords: 9 pt, left justified
  Body text: 11 pt, left justified, indent first line .5”
  Block quotes: 10 pt, left justified, indent entire block .5”
  Subheads: 11 pt, bold, centered
  Footnotes: 9 pt, left justified, indent first line .5”
  Bibliography entries: 11 pt, left justified, hanging indent (.5”)

• Margins and Spacing: 1” margins on all sides, single-spaced.

• Images: Brepols will not accept images below 1 mb and 300 dpi. When you deliver the final version of your manuscript to the publications manager, please send all files individually, not embedded in another document. Files should be named consistently and according to their corresponding in-text callouts. They should be accompanied by a separate captions list. All appropriate permissions should be obtained by the time you deliver the final version of your manuscript.

Keywords: Viator, medieval, Renaissance.


Subhead Title


* Department Name, University Name, address, email address. I wish to express my gratitude to X, Y, and Z for their assistance.
Bibliography

Manuscripts Cited

Moscow, Russian State Library, MS 247.253.
  RSL, MS Günzburg 85.
  RSL, MS Günzburg 303.
Paris, Bibliothèque nationale de France, MS Hébreu 260.
  BnF, MS Hébreu 380.
  BnF, MS Hébreu 420.
Vatican City, Biblioteca Apostolica Vaticana, MS Ebr. 56.
  BAV, MS Ebr. 148.
  BAV, MS Ebr. 176.

Primary Sources and Texts


Secondary Sources


